NMPA Measures - Technical Specification relating to births in 2016-17

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Potential outlier indicators

Third or fourth degree perineal tears

Lowest level of reporting in NMPA clinical report for 2016-17 births: Trusts/boards with at least one obstetric unit (OU)¹

Lowest level of reporting on NMPA website: Sites with an obstetric unit

Relevant population (denominator): Number of women giving birth vaginally to a singleton baby with a cephalic presentation between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation

Exclusions:

Trust/board level:²

Trusts/boards were excluded if they did not meet the following criteria:

Data item	Completeness check	Distribution check
Gestational age	If trust/board has at	If trust/board has at least one OU:
	least one OU:	Gestational age at birth is between
	• ≥70% complete	37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in
	within vaginal	≥70% of births
	births	If trust/board has no OUs:
	• ≥70% complete	Gestational age at birth is between
	within caesarean	37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in
	births	≥90% of births
	• ≥70% complete	
	overall	
	If trust/board has no	
	OUs:	
	• ≥70% complete	
	overall	
Method of delivery	≥70% complete	If trust/board has at least one OU and is not in Scotland:
		Caesarean section rate is between
		≥5% and ≤50%
		• Spontaneous vaginal rate >40%
		If trust/board has at least one OU and is
		in Scotland:
		Caesarean section rate is between
		≥5% and ≤50%
		• Spontaneous vaginal rate >30%
		If trust/board has no OUs and is not in
		Scotland:
		• Caesarean section rate is <5%

¹ Pre-publication review of results by trusts and boards is performed at trust/board level.

² The same exclusions are applied at site level for site level results

		• Spontaneous vaginal rate ≥90%
		If trust/board has no OUs and is in
		Scotland:
		Any caesarean section rate
		 Spontaneous vaginal rate >30%
Perineal tears	N/A	3 rd /4 th degree tear rate is ≥0.1% and
		<15%
Number of infants	≥70% complete	N/A
Fetal presentation	≥70% complete	Cephalic rate ≥70%
	within vaginal births	
Measure under	N/A	3 rd /4 th degree tear rate is ≥0.1% and
denominator		≤10%
restrictions		

Record level:

Records were excluded if they were missing information on: perineal tears, method of delivery, gestational age, number of infants (multiplicity) or fetal presentation

Numerator: Number of women giving birth vaginally to a singleton baby with a cephalic presentation between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks (inclusive) of gestation who have a third or fourth degree perineal tear

Obstetric haemorrhage of 1500ml or more

Lowest level of reporting in NMPA clinical report for 2016-17 births: Trusts/boards with at least one obstetric unit

Lowest level of reporting on NMPA website: Sites with an obstetric unit

Relevant population (denominator): Number of women giving birth to a singleton between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation

Exclusions:

Trust/board level:

Trusts/boards were excluded if they <u>did not</u> meet the following criteria:

Data item	Completeness check	Distribution check
Gestational age	If trust/board has at least one OU: • ≥70% complete within vaginal births • ≥70% complete within caesarean births • ≥70% complete overall If trust/board has no OUs: • ≥70% complete overall	 If trust/board has at least one OU: Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥70% of births If trust/board has no OUs: Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥90% of births
Estimated blood loss (ml)	≥70% complete	Blood loss of 0ml occurs in ≤5% of births Blood loss >500ml occurs in ≤60% of births
Number of infants	≥70% complete	N/A
Measure under	N/A	Blood loss ≥1500ml rate is ≥0.5% and
denominator		≤20% of births
restrictions		

Record level: records were excluded if they were missing information on estimated blood loss, number of babies (multiplicity), or gestational age

Numerator: Number of women giving birth to a singleton baby between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks (inclusive) of gestation who have an obstetric haemorrhage of greater than or equal to 1500ml

5-minute Apgar score less than 7

Lowest level of reporting in NMPA clinical report for 2016-17 births: Trusts/boards with at least one obstetric unit

Lowest level of reporting on NMPA website: Sites with an obstetric unit

Relevant population (denominator): Number of singleton, liveborn infants born between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks (inclusive) of gestation

Exclusions:

Trust/board level:

Trusts/boards Sites were excluded if they <u>did not</u> meet the following criteria:

Data item	Completeness check	Distribution check
Gestational age	If trust/board has at	If trust/board has at least one OU:
	 least one OU: ≥70% complete within vaginal births ≥70% complete within caesarean births ≥70% complete overall If trust/board has no OUs: ≥70% complete overall 	 Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥70% of births If trust/board has no OUs: Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥90% of births
Apgar score at 5 minutes	≥70% complete	Rate of Apgar scores less than 7 at 5 minutes is ≥0.5%
Number of infants	≥70% complete	N/A
Fetus outcome	If trust/board is not	If trust/board has at least one OU:
	in Scotland:	• More than one stillbirth was
	• ≥70% complete	recorded
	If trust/board is in	If trust/board has no OUs or is in
	Scotland:	Scotland:
	Any completeness	 Any number of stillbirths
Measure under	N/A	Rate of Apgar scores less than 7 at 5
denominator restrictions		minutes is ≥0.1% and ≤7%

Record level: records were excluded if they were missing information on: Apgar score at 5 minutes, gestational age, number of infants (multiplicity), fetal outcome (stillbirth or livebirth)

Numerator: Number of singleton, liveborn infants born between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks (inclusive) of gestation with a 5-minute Apgar score less than 7

Other measures

Induction of labour

Lowest level of reporting in NMPA clinical report for 2016-17 births: Trusts/boards with at least one obstetric unit

Lowest level of reporting on NMPA website: Sites with an obstetric unit

Relevant population (denominator): Number of women giving birth to a singleton baby between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation

Exclusions:

Trust/board level:

Trusts/boards were excluded if they <u>did not</u> meet the following criteria:

Data item	Completeness check	Distribution check
Gestational age	 If trust/board has at least one OU: ≥70% complete within vaginal births ≥70% complete within caesarean births ≥70% complete overall If trust/board has no OUs: ≥70% complete overall 	 If trust/board has at least one OU: Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥70% of births If trust/board has no OUs: Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥90% of births
Number of infants	≥70% complete	N/A
Mode of labour onset	≥70% complete	 If trust/board has at least one OU: Induction of labour rate is ≥10% and <50% If trust/board has no OUs: Induction of labour rate is <5% For all trusts/boards: Where labour onset = '2' (caesarean section), mode of delivery should be caesarean section in >70% of records
Measure under denominator restrictions	N/A	Induction of labour rate is ≥5% and ≤55%

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Version 1.3

Record level:

Records were excluded if they were missing information on: gestational age, number of infants (multiplicity) or mode of labour onset

Numerator: Number of women giving birth to a singleton baby between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation, who had their labour induced

Small-for-gestational-age babies born at or after 40 weeks

Lowest level of reporting in NMPA clinical report for 2016-17 births: Trusts/boards with at least one obstetric unit

Lowest level of reporting on NMPA website: Sites with an obstetric unit

Relevant population (denominator): Number of babies born small for gestational age (defined as less than the 10th birthweight centile using the WHO-UK 1990 charts)³ between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation

Exclusions:

Trust/board level:

Trusts/boards were excluded if they <u>did not</u> meet the following criteria:

Data item	Completeness check	Distribution check
Gestational age	If trust/board has at	If trust/board has at least one OU:
	least one OU:	Gestational age at birth is between
	● ≥70% complete	37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in
	within vaginal	≥70% of births
	births	If trust/board has no OUs:
	• ≥70% complete	Gestational age at birth is between
	within caesarean	37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in
	births	≥90% of births
	• ≥70% complete	
	overall	
	If trust/board has no	
	OUs:	
	• ≥70% complete	
	overall	
Number of infants	≥70% complete	N/A
Fetus outcome	If trust/board is not	If trust/board has at least one OU:
Tetus outcome	in Scotland:	 More than one stillbirth was
		recorded
	If trust/board is in	If trust/board has no OUs or is in
	Scotland:	Scotland:
	 Any 	• Any number of stillbirths
	completeness	
	,	
Birthweight	≥70% complete	Birthweight≥2500g and ≤4500g in ≥80%
		of infants born between 37 and 42
		weeks (inclusive)
Measure under	N/A	Rate is ≥20% and ≤80%
denominator		
restrictions		

³ Cole TJ, Williams AF, Wright CM. Revised birth centiles for weight, length and head circumference in the UK-WHO growth charts. Annals of Human Biology. 2010 Jun 9;38(1):7–11.

Record level:

Records were excluded if they were missing information on: gestational age, number of infants, fetus outcome or birthweight

Numerator: Number of babies born small for gestational age (defined as less than the 10th birthweight centile using the WHO-UK 1990 charts¹) that are born on or after their estimated due date (between 40+0 weeks and 42+6 weeks (inclusive))

Mode of birth

Lowest level of reporting in NMPA clinical report for 2016-17 births: Trusts/boards with at least one obstetric unit Lowest level of reporting on NMPA website: Sites with an obstetric unit

Lowest level of reporting on Miner website. Sites with an obstetlic unit

Relevant population (denominator): Number of women who give birth to a singleton baby between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation

Exclusions:

Trust/board level:

Trusts/boards were excluded if they did not meet the following criteria:

Data item	Completeness check	Distribution check
Gestational age	If trust/board has at least one OU: • ≥70% complete within vaginal births • ≥70% complete within caesarean births • ≥70% complete overall If trust/board has no OUs: • ≥70% complete overall	 If trust/board has at least one OU: Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥70% of births If trust/board has no OUs: Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥90% of births
Number of infants Method of delivery	≥70% complete ≥70% complete	 N/A If trust/board has at least one OU and is not in Scotland: Caesarean section rate is between ≥5% and ≤50% Spontaneous vaginal rate >40% If trust/board has at least one OU and is in Scotland: Caesarean section rate is between ≥5% and ≤50% Spontaneous vaginal rate >30% If trust/board has no OUs and is not in Scotland: Caesarean section rate is <5% Spontaneous vaginal rate is ≥90% If trust/board has no OUs and is in Scotland: Caesarean section rate is ≥90% If trust/board has no OUs and is in Scotland: Any caesarean section rate

		 Spontaneous vaginal rate >30%
Measure under	N/A	Caesarean section rate is ≥5% and ≤50%
denominator		Spontaneous vaginal rate is ≥20% and
restrictions		≤95%
		Instrumental rate is ≥4% and ≤50%

Record level:

Records were excluded if they were missing information on: gestational age, number of infants, or method of delivery

Numerator:

Number of women who give birth to a singleton baby between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation who had the following method of delivery:

- 1. Spontaneous vaginal birth
- 2. Instrumental birth
- 3. Caesarean section

Birth without intervention

Lowest level of reporting in NMPA clinical report for 2016-17 births: Trusts/boards with at least one obstetric unit Lowest level of reporting on NMPA website: Sites with an obstetric unit

Relevant population (denominator): Number of women who give birth to a singleton baby

between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation

Exclusions:

Trust/board level:

Trusts/boards were excluded if they <u>did not</u> meet the following criteria:

Data item	Completeness check	Distribution check
Gestational age	If trust/board has at least one OU: • ≥70% complete within vaginal births • ≥70% complete within caesarean births • ≥70% complete overall If trust/board has no OUs: • ≥70% complete overall	 If trust/board has at least one OU: Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥70% of births If trust/board has no OUs: Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥90% of births
Number of infants Mode of labour onset	≥70% complete ≥70% complete	 N/A If trust/board has at least one OU: Induction of labour rate is ≥10% and <50% If trust/board has no OUs: Induction of labour rate is <5% For all trusts/boards: Where labour onset = '2' (caesarean section), mode of delivery should be caesarean section in >70% of records
Augmentation of labour with oxytocin	≥70% complete within vaginal births ≥70% complete within caesarean births	 If trust/board has at least one OU: Augmentation rate is ≥1% and <80% within non-breech vaginal births If trust/board has no OUs: Any augmentation rate

		, ,
Method of delivery	≥70% complete	If trust/board has at least one OU and is not in Scotland:
		Caesarean section rate is between
		≥5% and ≤50%
		 Spontaneous vaginal rate >40%
		If trust/board has at least one OU and is in Scotland:
		Caesarean section rate is between
		≥5% and ≤50%
		• Spontaneous vaginal rate >30%
		If trust/board has no OUs and is not in
		Scotland:
		• Caesarean section rate is <5%
		• Spontaneous vaginal rate is ≥90%
		If trust/board has no OUs and is in
		Scotland:
		Any caesarean section rate
		• Spontaneous vaginal rate >30%
Anaesthesia	≥70% complete	≥70% of caesarean section births are
		performed under general anaesthetic,
		epidural or caudal anaesthetic, or spinal
		anaesthetic
Episiotomy	≥70% complete in	Episiotomy rate >1% and <45% within
	vaginal births	vaginal births
Measure under	N/A	Rate is ≥15% and ≤95%
denominator		
restrictions		

Record level:

Records were excluded if they were missing information on: gestational age, number of infants, method of delivery, mode of labour onset, augmentation, anaesthesia or episiotomy

Numerator:

Number of women who give birth to a singleton baby between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation whose birth meets the following criteria:

- 1. Spontaneous labour onset (no induction of labour)
- 2. Spontaneous labour progress (no augmentation with oxytocin)
- 3. Spontaneous vaginal birth (no instrumental birth or caesarean section)
- 4. No epidural, spinal or general anaesthetic
- 5. No episiotomy

Vaginal birth after caesarean section

Lowest level of reporting in NMPA clinical report for 2016-17 births: Trusts/boards with at least one obstetric unit

Lowest level of reporting on NMPA website: Sites with an obstetric unit

Relevant population (denominator): Number of women having their second baby between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation, following a caesarean section for their first baby and without an indication for repeat caesarean section

Exclusions:

Trust/board level:

Trusts/boards were excluded if they <u>did not</u> meet the following criteria:

Data item	Completeness check	Distribution check
Gestational age	If trust/board has at	If trust/board has at least one OU:
	least one OU:	Gestational age at birth is between
	• ≥70% complete	37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in
	within vaginal	≥70% of births
	births	If trust/board has no OUs:
	• ≥70% complete	Gestational age at birth is between
	within caesarean births	37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥90% of births
	• ≥70% complete	
	overall	
	If trust/board has no	
	OUs:	
	• ≥70% complete	
	overall	
Number of infants	≥70% complete	N/A
Method of delivery	≥70% complete	If trust/board has at least one OU and is
		not in Scotland:
		Caesarean section rate is between
		≥5% and ≤50%
		 Spontaneous vaginal rate >40%
		If trust/board has at least one OU and is
		in Scotland:
		Caesarean section rate is between
		≥5% and ≤50%
		• Spontaneous vaginal rate >30%
		If trust/board has no OUs and is not in
		Scotland:
		Caesarean section rate is <5%
		 Spontaneous vaginal rate is ≥90%

		 If trust/board has no OUs and is in Scotland: Any caesarean section rate Spontaneous vaginal rate >30%
Parity	≥70% complete	Proportion of births to primiparous women ≥20% and ≤70%
Previous caesarean section	≥70% complete	 If trust/board has at least one OU: Previous caesarean section rate is >1% among births to multiparous women If trust/board has no OUs: Previous caesarean section rate is <5% among births to multiparous women
Measure under denominator restrictions	N/A	Rate is ≥5% and ≤80%

Record level:

Records were excluded if they were missing information on: previous caesarean section, gestational age, number of infants, method of delivery, or parity

Numerator: Number of women having their second baby between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation following a caesarean section for their first baby, who give birth to their second baby vaginally

Smoking cessation

Lowest level of reporting in NMPA clinical report for 2016-17 births and on NMPA website: All trusts/boards

Relevant population (denominator): Number of women recorded as being current smokers at their booking visit

Exclusions:

Trust/board level:

Trusts/boards were excluded if they did not meet the following criteria:

Data item	Completeness check	Distribution check	
Smoking at booking	≥70% complete	Current smokers ≥0.25% and ≤50%	
Smoking at delivery	≥70% complete	Current smokers ≥0.25% and ≤50%	

Record level:

Records were excluded if they were missing information on: smoking at booking or smoking at delivery

Numerator: Number of women recorded as being current smokers at their booking visit who were recorded as non-smokers or ex-smokers by the time of birth

Case-mix factors: none

Episiotomy

Lowest level of reporting in NMPA clinical report for 2016-17 births: Trusts/boards with at least one obstetric unit

Lowest level of reporting on NMPA website: Sites with an obstetric unit

Relevant population (denominator): Number women giving birth vaginally to a singleton baby with a cephalic presentation 37+0 to 42+6 weeks (inclusive)

Exclusions:

Trust/board level:

Trusts/boards were excluded if they did not meet the following criteria:

Data item	Completeness check	Distribution check	
Gestational age	If trust/board has at least one OU: • ≥70% complete within vaginal births • ≥70% complete within caesarean births • ≥70% complete overall If trust/board has no OUs: • ≥70% complete overall	 Distribution check If trust/board has at least one OU: Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥70% of births If trust/board has no OUs: Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥90% of births 	
Number of infants	≥70% complete	N/A	
Fetal presentation	≥70% complete	Cephalic rate ≥70%	
	within vaginal births		
Method of delivery	≥70% complete	 If trust/board has at least one OU and is not in Scotland: Caesarean section rate is between ≥5% and ≤50% Spontaneous vaginal rate >40% If trust/board has at least one OU and is in Scotland: Caesarean section rate is between ≥5% and ≤50% Spontaneous vaginal rate >30% If trust/board has no OUs and is not in Scotland: Caesarean section rate is <5% Spontaneous vaginal rate is ≥90% 	

		 If trust/board has no OUs and is in Scotland: Any caesarean section rate Spontaneous vaginal rate >30%
Episiotomy	≥70% complete in vaginal births	Episiotomy rate >1% and <45% within vaginal births
Measure under denominator restrictions	N/A	Episiotomy rate >5% and <40% within vaginal births

Record level:

Records were excluded if they were missing information on: gestational age, number of infants, fetal presentation, method of delivery, or episiotomy

Numerator: Number women giving birth vaginally to a singleton baby with a cephalic presentation 37+0 to 42+6 weeks (inclusive) who have an episiotomy

Maternal readmissions

Lowest level of reporting in NMPA clinical report for 2016-17 births: Trusts/boards with at least one obstetric unit

Lowest level of reporting on NMPA website: Sites with an obstetric unit

Trusts/boards were excluded if they <u>did not</u> meet the following criteria:

Relevant population (denominator): Number of women giving birth to a singleton baby between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation, excluding those who died before discharge or were not discharged within 42 days of delivery

Exclusions:

Trust/board level:

Data itemCompleteness checkDistribution checkGestational ageIf trust/board has at
least one OU:
• ≥70% complete
within vaginal
birthsIf trust/board has at least one OU:
• Gestational age at birth is between
37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in
≥70% of births
If trust/board has no OUs:

	within vaginal	≥70% of births
	births	If trust/board has no OUs:
	 ≥70% complete within caesarean births ≥70% complete overall If trust/board has no OUs: ≥70% complete 	 Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥90% of births
Number of infants	overall	
	≥70% complete	N/A
Type of readmission	≥70% of records	N/A
	could be linked with	
	HES/PEDW/SMR02	

Record level:

Records were excluded if they were missing information on: date of birth, gestational age, number of infants

Numerator: Number of women giving birth to a singleton baby between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation, excluding those who died before discharge or were not discharged within 42 days of delivery, who were readmitted to hospital within 42 days, excluding: planned readmissions, planned transfers, readmissions of less than one day and women accompanying an unwell baby.

Skin to skin contact within one hour of birth

Lowest level of reporting in NMPA clinical report for 2016-17 births: All trusts/boards Lowest level of reporting on NMPA website: All sites

Relevant population (denominator): Number of liveborn babies born between 34+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation

Exclusions:

Trust/board level:

Trusts/boards were excluded if they <u>did not</u> meet the following criteria:

Data item	Completeness check	Distribution check	
Gestational age	 If trust/board has at least one OU: ≥70% complete within vaginal births ≥70% complete within caesarean births ≥70% complete overall If trust/board has no OUs: ≥70% complete overall 	 If trust/board has at least one OU: Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥70% of births If trust/board has no OUs: Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥90% of births 	
Fetus outcome	If trust/board is not in Scotland: • ≥70% complete If trust/board is in Scotland: • Any completeness	 If trust/board has at least one OU: More than one stillbirth was recorded If trust/board has no OUs or is in Scotland: Any number of stillbirths 	
Skin to skin	≥70% complete within vaginal births ≥70% complete within caesarean births	N/A	
Measure under denominator restrictions	N/A	Rate is <40%	

Record level:

Records were excluded if they were missing information on: gestational age, fetus outcome or skin to skin contact

Numerator: Number of liveborn babies born between 34+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation who received skin to skin contact within one hour of birth

Case-mix factors: none

Breast milk at first feed, and at discharge

Lowest level of reporting in NMPA clinical report for 2016-17 births: All trusts/boards Lowest level of reporting on NMPA website: All sites

Relevant population (denominator): Number of liveborn babies born between 34+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation

Exclusions:

Trust/board level:

Trusts/boards were excluded if they <u>did not</u> meet the following criteria:

Data item	Completeness check	Distribution check	
Gestational age	 If trust/board has at least one OU: ≥70% complete within vaginal births ≥70% complete within caesarean births ≥70% complete overall If trust/board has no OUs: ≥70% complete overall 	 Distribution check If trust/board has at least one OU: Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥70% of births If trust/board has no OUs: Gestational age at birth is between 37 and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥90% of births 	
Fetus outcome	If trust/board is not in Scotland: • ≥70% complete If trust/board is in Scotland: • Any completeness	 If trust/board has at least one OU: More than one stillbirth was recorded If trust/board has no OUs or is in Scotland: Any number of stillbirths 	
Breast milk at first feed	≥70% complete within vaginal births ≥70% complete within caesarean births	>1% breast milk at first feed rate	
Breast milk at discharge	≥70% complete	>1% breast milk at discharge rate	
Measure under denominator restrictions	N/A	Breast milk at first feed rate is ≥25% Breast milk at discharge rate is ≥25% and ≤98%	

Record level:

Records were excluded if they were missing information on: gestational age, fetus outcome, or breast milk at first feed/breast milk at discharge, respectively

Numerator: Number of liveborn babies born between 34+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation who received:

- a) Any breast milk for their first feed
- b) Any breast milk at discharge from the maternity unit

Case-mix factors: none

Admissions to neonatal care

Lowest level of reporting in NMPA clinical report for 2016-17 births: Trusts/boards with at least one obstetric unit

Lowest level of reporting on NMPA website: Sites with an obstetric unit

Relevant population (denominator):

- (1) Number of live singleton babies born between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation
- (2) Number of live singleton babies born between 34+0 and 36+6 weeks of gestation

Exclusions:

Trust/board level:

Trusts/boards were excluded if they <u>did not</u> meet the following criteria:

Data item	Completeness check	Distribution check
Gestational age	≥70% complete	Gestational age at birth is between 37
	within both	and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥70% of
	caesarean and	births
	vaginal births	
Number of infants	≥70% complete	N/A
Fetus outcome	≥70% complete	More than one stillbirth was recorded in
		the financial year
Linkage	≥80% of babies	
	recorded in the	
	NNRD as born in the	
	relevant trust/board	
	link to the NMPA	

Record level:

Records were excluded if they were missing information on: gestational age, number of infants, or fetus outcome.

Numerator:

(1) Number of live born singleton babies born between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks gestation admitted to a neonatal unit $^{\rm 4}$

(2) Number of live born singleton babies born between 34+0 and 36+6 weeks gestation admitted to a neonatal unit $^{\rm 4}$

⁴ Babies admitted to neonatal transitional care were <u>not</u> included in admissions to a neonatal unit

Term babies receiving mechanical ventilation

Lowest level of reporting in NMPA clinical report for 2016-17 births: Trusts/boards with at least one obstetric unit Lowest level of reporting on NMPA website: Sites with an obstetric unit

Relevant population (denominator):

Number of singleton babies born between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation

Exclusions:

Trust/board level:

Trusts/boards were excluded if they <u>did not</u> meet the following criteria:

Data item	Completeness check	Distribution check
Gestational age	≥70% complete	Gestational age at birth is between 37
	within both	and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥70% of
	caesarean and	births
	vaginal births	
Number of infants	≥70% complete	N/A
Fetus outcome	≥70% complete	More than one stillbirth was recorded in
		the financial year
Linkage	≥80% of babies	
	recorded in the	
	NNRD as born in the	
	relevant trust/board	
	link to the NMPA	

Record level:

Records were excluded if they were missing information on: gestational age, number of infants, or fetus outcome.

Numerator:

Number of live born singleton babies born between 37+0 and 42+6 weeks gestation admitted to a NNU who have a recorded episode of mechanical ventilation within the first 72 hours of life

Neonatal encephalopathy

Lowest level of reporting in NMPA clinical report for 2016-17 births: Trusts/boards with at least one obstetric unit

Lowest level of reporting on NMPA website: Trusts/boards with at least one obstetric unit

Relevant population (denominator):

Number of singleton babies born between 35+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation

Exclusions:

Trust/board level:

Trusts/boards were excluded if they <u>did not</u> meet the following criteria:

Data item	Completeness check	Distribution check
Gestational age	≥70% complete	Gestational age at birth is between 37
	within both	and 42 weeks (inclusive) in ≥70% of
	caesarean and	births
	vaginal births	
Number of infants	≥70% complete	N/A
Fetus outcome	≥70% complete	More than one stillbirth was recorded in
		the financial year
Linkage	≥80% of babies	
	recorded in the	
	NNRD as born in the	
	relevant trust/board	
	link to the NMPA	

Record level:

Records were excluded if they were missing information on: gestational age, number of infants, or fetus outcome.

Numerator:

Number of singleton babies born between 35+0 and 42+6 weeks of gestation who have two or more of the following neurological signs recorded in the same daily data summary within the first 72 hours of life:

- Tone: Abnormal
- Consciousness: Lethargic or Comatose
- Convulsions: Yes

Data item definitions and data sources used

Data item	Coding and data source(s)		
	England	Wales	Scotland
Data items used for ind	icator construction		
Singleton	MIS: Number of infants this delivery (NumberInfants) = 1	MIds: Number of infants this delivery (Number of Foetus at Onset of Labour) = 1. If number of infants was missing in MIds we used number_bornche = 1 in Child Health data (CHE).	SMR-02: Number of infants this delivery (Number of Births this Pregnancy) = 1
Term	MIS: gestational age at birth (GestationLengthBirth) = 37+0 weeks to 42+6 weeks inclusive If gestational age was missing in the MIS record we used gestational age as recorded in HES (gestat_1)	CHE: gestational_ageche = 37+0 weeks to 42+6 weeks inclusive If gestation was missing in CHE, we used MIds (Gestation at onset of labour).	SMR-02: gestational age at birth = 37+0 weeks to 42+6 weeks inclusive
Cephalic	MIS: Fetal presentation at delivery (DeliveryPresentation) = 01 (Cephalic). If presentation was missing, we used method of delivery (DeliveryMethodBaby) to determine presentation where possible (e.g. if spontaneous vertex delivery, recoded as 01 (Cephalic)).	MIds: Fetal presentation at delivery (Foetal Presentation at Onset of Labour) = 1 (Cephalic).	SMR-02: Fetal presentation at delivery = 1 (Occipito-anterior); 2 (Occipito-posterior) or 3 (Occipito- lateral)

Data item	Coding and data source(s)		
	England	Wales	Scotland
Induction of labour	MIS: Labouronset = 3,4 or 5	MIds: Mode of Onset of Labour = 3, 4 or 5. If mode of labour onset was missing in MIds, we used onset_of_labourche = 2 (Induced)	Induction of Labour = 2,3,4,5,6,7
Augmentation of labour	MIS: Augmentation="yes" or "y"	MIds: Augmentation of Labour=1	Not recorded independently of induction, therefore not available
Anaesthesia	MIS: Labouranaesthesia contains 01 (General anaesthetic), 02 (Epidural or caudal anaesthetic), or 03 (Spinal anaesthetic) Where this was supplied as free text or information about labour analgesia such as epidural was presented in the LabourPainReliefMethod field, this was supplemented in data cleaning.	MIds: Epidural Status=1, supplemented with CHE pain_relief_duringche = 3 (General anaesthetic), 4 (Epidural or caudal), 5 (Spinal), or combinations of these (6, 7, 8).	Anaesthesia during labour or delivery= 2,4,5
Vaginal birth	MIS: method of delivery (DeliveryMethodBaby) = 0 (Spontaneous Vertex), 1 (Spontaneous, other cephalic), 2, (Low forceps, not breech), 3 (Other forceps, not breech) or 4 (Ventouse, vacuum extraction). If method of delivery was missing in the MIS record we used method of delivery as recorded in HES (delmethd)	MIds: method of delivery (DeliveryMethodBaby) = 1 (Spontaneous Vaginal Birth), 2 (Ventouse), 3 (Forceps). If method of delivery was missing in MIds, we used mode_of_deliveryche in CHE = 0 (Normal vertex), 1 (Other cephalic), 2, (Forceps - low), 3 (Forceps - other) or 4 (Ventouse).	SMR-02: Method of delivery = 0 (Spontaneous Vertex), 1 (Spontaneous, other cephalic), 2 (Low forceps, no rotation), or A-E (Mid cavity forceps; Rotational forceps; Ventouse; Ventouse with rotation; Other forceps)

Data item	Coding and data source(s)		
	England	Wales	Scotland
Livebirth	MIS: Delivery outcome	MIds: Delivery outcome (Outcome	SMR-02: Outcome of pregnancy = 1
	(FetusOutcome) = 10 (Live birth)	of Birth) = 1 (Live birth)	(Live birth)
3 rd or 4 th degree perineal tear	MIS: Perineal tears	MIds: Perineal tears (Perineal	SMR-02: Perineal tears (Tears) = 3
	(GentialTractTraumaticLesion) = 6	Trauma) = 1 (Yes)	(Third degree tear) or 4 (Fourth
	(Third degree tear) or 7 (Fourth	OR	degree tear) <u>OR</u>
	degree tear)	PEDW: OPCS = R32.2/R32.5 OR	SMR-02: OPCS = R32.2/R32.5 OR
	OR	ICD10 = 070.2/070.3	ICD10 = 070.2/070.3
	HES: OPCS = R32.2/R32.5 OR ICD10 =		
	070.2/070.3		
Obstetric haemorrhage ≥1500ml	MIS: Estimated blood loss ≥1500ml	MIds: Estimated blood loss ≥1500ml	N/A

Data item	Coding and data source(s)		
	England	Wales	Scotland
Maternal readmission	EnglandHES admission date>=MIS delivery dateHES admission date<=MIS delivery date+42Excluded HES admission methods corresponding to non-emergency admissions (admission methods<20, admission methods greater than 80 and less than 90)Excluded HES admissions not due to illness (any diagnosis code of Z763)Excluded any HES admissions within the delivery spellExcluded transfers (admission source of 30, between 48 and 53 inclusive and 87)MIS delivery date was substituted with HES operation date of the HES operation corresponding to a delivery OPCS codeExcluded readmissions of less than one day (discharge date=admission date and there were no other records within the same spell as this record with a later discharge date)	WalesPEDW Admission date >= MIDsdelivery datePEDW admission date <= MIDs	ScotlandSMR-01 Admission date >= delivery date (derived from date of birth in NRS and substituted with SMR-01 admission date where admission corresponded to a delivery) SMR-01 Admission date <= delivery date + 42Only SMR-01 admission methods corresponding to emergency admissions were included (admission type codes 30-39) Excluded SMR-01 admissions not due to illness (any diagnosis code of Z763) Excluded any SMR-01 admissions within the delivery spell Excluded transfers (using admission transfer and discharge variables where transfer was from a Health Care Provider, admissions of less than one day (discharge date=admission date and there were no other records within the same spell as this record with a later discharge date)

Data item	Coding and data source(s)		
	England	Wales	Scotland
Apgar score <7 at 5 mins	MIS: Apgar score at 5 minutes of 0 to	CHE: Apgar score at 5 minutes of 0	SMR-02: Apgar score at 5 minutes
	6	to 6	of 0 to 6
Breast milk at first feed	MIS: breast milk at first feed = 1 (maternal breast milk) or 2 (donor breast milk)	N/A	SMR-02: breast milk at first feed = 1 (maternal breast milk) or 2 (donor breast milk)
Breast milk at discharge	MIS: breast milk at discharge = 1 (exclusively breast milk) or 2 (partially breast milk)	N/A	SMR-02: breast milk at discharge = 1 (exclusively breast milk) or 2 (partially breast milk)
Episiotomy	MIS: Episiotomy = y	MIds: Episiotomy = 1 (Yes)	SMR-02: Episiotomy = y
Skin-to-skin contact within one hour	MIS: Skin-to-skin = y	N/A	N/A

Data item	Coding and data source(s)		
	England	Wales	Scotland
Smoking status at delivery	MIS: Mother's smoking status at	MIds: Mother's smoking status at	SMR-02: Mother's smoking status
	delivery (SmokingStatusDelivery),	36-38 weeks/onset of labour,	at delivery, categorised as: Current;
	categorised as: Yes; No, and unknown	categorised as: Yes; No, and unknown	No, and unknown
Neonatal unit admission	NNRD: Location of care was NNU on	N/A	NNRD: Location of care was NNU
	at least one occasion in the first 7		on at least one occasion in the first
	days after birth		7 days after birth
	LocationofCare = 01 (neonatal unit)		LocationofCare = 01 (neonatal unit)
	DayDateAnon to define timing within 7 days		DayDateAnon to define timing within 7 days
Mechanical ventilation	NNRD:	N/A	NNRD:
	ModeofRespiratorySupport = 1		ModeofRespiratorySupport = 1
	(Ventilation via endotracheal tube or		(Ventilation via endotracheal tube
	trachestomy) on at least one occasion		or trachestomy) on at least one
	in the first 72 hours after birth.		occasion in the first 72 hours after
	DayDateAnon to define timing within		birth. DayDateAnon to define
	72 hours.		timing within 72 hours.

Data item	Coding and data source(s)		
	England	Wales	Scotland
Neonatal encephalopathy	 NNRD with two or more of the following neurological signs recorded in the same daily data summary within the first 72 hours of life: CentralTone = 1 (abnormal) Consciousness = 2 or 3 (lethargic or comatose) Convulsions = 1 (yes) DayDateAnon to define timing within 72 hours. 	N/A	NNRD with two or more of the following neurological signs recorded in the same daily data summary within the first 72 hours of life: - CentralTone = 1 (abnormal) - Consciousness = 2 or 3 (lethargic or comatose) - Convulsions = 1 (yes) DayDateAnon to define timing within 72 hours.
Data items used as case mix ad	justors		
Maternal age	MIS: Derived from mother's date of birth (PersonBirthDateMother) – date of birth (baby) (BabyBirthDateTime) in completed years of age. Categorised as: 12-15; 16-19; 20-24; 25-29; 30-34; 35-39; 40-44; 45-49; 50+, and unknown	CHE: Maternal age (maternal_ageche), categorised as: 12-15; 16-19; 20-24; 25-29; 30-34; 35-39; 40-44; 45-49; 50+, and unknown.	SMR-02: Mother's age at delivery in completed years of age. Categorised as: 12-15; 16-19; 20- 24; 25-29; 30-34; 35-39; 40-44; 45- 49; 50+, and unknown
Ethnicity	MIS: Derived from mother's ethnicity (EthnicCategoryMother) and categorised as: white; black; Asian; other, and unknown	CHE: Derived from mother's ethnicity (ethnicgroupcleancodeche), and categorised as: white; black; Asian; other, and unknown. If ethnicity missing in CHE, we used MIds Ethnic Group, categorized as above.	SMR-02: Derived from mother's ethnicity (Ethnic Group) and categorised as: white; black; Asian; other, and unknown

Data item	Coding and data source(s)		
	England	Wales	Scotland
Deprivation	MIS: mother's postcode (Postcode)	PEDW:	SMR-02: SMID quintile
	was converted to Lower Super	Patientregisteredgpclustername was	
	Output Area (LSOA) and linked to its	converted into each GP cluster's	
	Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)	IMD average. These averaged IMDs	
	ranking. This was then categorised	were then categorised into	
	into quintiles and an unknown	quintiles.	
	category		
Parity	MIS: Number of previous registerable	MIds: Number of previous	Number of previous registerable
	birth (Prevtotalbirths), categorised as	registerable birth (Parity),	birth, categorised as 0
	0 (primiparous); 1 (parous), and	categorised as 0 (primiparous); 1	(primiparous); 1 (parous), and
	unknown	(parous), and unknown.	unknown
	We also checked for evidence of	If parity was missing we used	
	previous births in HES and infilled	parityche, recategorised as above.	
	parity with 1 if we found one or more	We also checked for evidence of	
	previous delivery records for that	previous births in PEDW and infilled	
	woman	parity with 1 if we found one or	
		more previous delivery records for	
		that woman.	
Previous caesarean section (CS)	HES: We checked for evidence of	PEDW: We checked for evidence of	SMR-02: number of previous
	previous caesarean sections in HES	previous caesarean sections in	caesarean sections, categorised this
	and categorised this as: 0 (no	PEDW and categorised this as: 0 (no	as: 0 (no previous CS) and 1 (one or
	previous CS) and 1 (one or more	previous CS) and 1 (one or more	more previous CS), unknown
	previous CS), unknown	previous CS), unknown	

Data item	Coding and data source(s)		
	England	Wales	Scotland
Birthweight	MIS: Baby's birthweight	CHE: Weight_at_birthche	SMR-02: Baby's birthweight,
	(BirthWeight), categorised as:	categorised as: <2500g; 2500-4000g;	categorised as: <2500g; 2500-
	<2500g; 2500-4000g; >4000g, and	>4000g, and unknown.	4000g; >4000g, and unknown.
	unknown.	If birth weight was missing in CHE,	
	If birthweight was missing in the MIS	we used MIds (Birth Weight (g)),	
	record we used birthweight as	categorized as above.	
	recorded in HES (birweit_1)		
Gestational age	MIS: gestational age at birth	CHE: gestational age at birth	SMR-02: gestational age at birth,
	(GestationLengthBirth), categorised	(gestational_ageche), categorised in	categorised in completed weeks:
	in completed weeks: 37; 38; 39; 40;	completed weeks: 37; 38; 39; 40;	37; 38; 39; 40; 41; 42, and
	41; 42, and unknown.	41; 42, and unknown.	unknown.
	If gestational age was missing in the	If gestation was missing in CHE, we	
	MIS record we used gestational age	used MIds (Gestation at onset of	
	as recorded in HES (gestat_1)	labour).	
BMI	MIS: Mother's BMI at booking	MIds: Mother's BMI at booking	SMR-02: Mother's BMI at booking,
	(MotherBMI), categorised as: <18.5;	(Maternal Weight at Initial	categorised as: <18.5; 18.5 to 25;
	18.5 to 25; >25 to <30; >=30, and	Assessment / Maternal Height at	>25 to <30; >=30, and unknown
	unknown	Initial Assessment ²), categorised as:	
		<18.5; 18.5 to 25; >25 to <30; >=30,	
		and unknown	
1			

Data item	Coding and data source(s)		
	England	Wales	Scotland
Smoking status at booking	MIS: Mother's smoking status at	MIds: Mother's smoking status at	SMR-02: Mother's smoking status
	booking (SmokingStatusBooking),	booking (Smoker at Initial	at booking (Booking Smoking
	categorised as: Yes; No, and unknown	Assessment), categorised as: Yes;	History), categorised as: Current;
		No, and unknown	No (any history), and unknown
Diabetes	HES: ICD-10 codes O24.0-O23.4;	PEDW: ICD-10 codes O24.0-O23.4;	SMR-02: ICD-10 codes O24.0-
	O24.4; O24.9; E10-E11	O24.4; O24.9; E10-E11	O23.4; O24.4; O24.9; E10-E11
			SMR-02: If variable diabetes has
			value 1, 2 or 3
Hypertension	HES: ICD-10 codes O10-O11; I10	PEDW: ICD-10 codes O10-O11; I10	SMR-02: ICD-10 codes 010-011; I10
Preeclampsia	HES: ICD-10 codes 014-015	PEDW: ICD-10 codes O14-O15	SMR-02: ICD-10 codes 014-015
Placental problems	HES: ICD-10 codes O44-O45	PEDW: ICD-10 codes O44-O45	SMR-02: ICD-10 codes O44-O45
Poly/oligo/anhydramnios	HES: ICD-10 codes O40	PEDW: ICD-10 codes O40	SMR-02: ICD-10 codes O40